

## Talk with the people around you for a minute

The sequence  $\left\{ \frac{1}{2k} \right\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  converges

- (a) True, and I can explain why
- (b) True, but I am unsure why
- (c) False, and I can explain why
- (d) False, but I am unsure why
- (e) Uhhhhh ...

## Talk with the people around you for a minute

The sequence  $\left\{1 - \frac{1}{k}\right\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$  converges

- (a) True, and I can explain why
- (b) True, but I am unsure why
- (c) False, and I can explain why
- (d) False, but I am unsure why
- (e) Uhhhhh ...

## Talk with the people around you for a minute

The sequence  $\{(-1)^n\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$  converges

- (a) True, and I can explain why
- (b) True, but I am unsure why
- (c) False, and I can explain why
- (d) False, but I am unsure why
- (e) Uhhhhh ...

## Work on these with your partner(s) at the board

For each sequences:

- Write the first 4 terms of the sequence
- Determine if the sequence converges or diverges
- If the sequence converges, find the limit

1.  $\left\{ \frac{(-1)^k}{k} \right\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$

2.  $\left\{ \frac{5k^2 - 42}{3k^2 + 5} \right\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$

3.  $\left\{ \frac{e^j}{j^2 + 32j} \right\}_{j=3}^{\infty}$