## Problem Set \#9

Due Friday, April 19, 2024 @ 12:30 pm
Submit as single pdf file to Canvas
Remember to review the Guidelines for WeBWorK and Problem Sets on the course webpage when writing up your solutions. The rule of thumb is that you should give enough explanation so that you could hand your assignment to a student who took Calc II last semester and they could follow your solutions.

1. Let $f(x, y)=x e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{2}-\frac{y^{3}}{3}+y}$.

Show that $(-1,-1),(-1,1),(1,-1)$, and $(1,1)$ are critical points of $f(x, y)$. That is, show both partial derivatives of $f$ are zero at each of these points.
In fact, these are the only critical points of $f(x, y)$.
2. Use a contour plot to classify each critical point in $\# 1$ as a local max, local min, or saddle point.
3. Let $f(x)=x^{2}+4$ and $g(x)=-x^{4}+x^{3}+2 x^{2}-1$.

Find the points on the graphs of $y=f(x)$ and $y=g(x)$ that are closest to each other.
How far apart are they?
Note: This problem will graded out of 6 points.

