1. Consider the power series $P(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k 2^k}$ =

$$= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2 \cdot 2^2} + \frac{x^3}{3 \cdot 2^3} + \cdots$$

- (a) Does P(x) converge or diverge at x = 1?
- (b) Does P(x) converge or diverge at x = -1?
- (c) Does P(x) converge or diverge at x = 2?
- (d) Does P(x) converge or diverge at x = -2?
- 2. Consider the power series $P(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!} = 1 \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} \frac{x^6}{6!} + \cdots$
 - (a) Plot the following partial sums of P(x): $S_0(x)$, $S_2(x)$, $S_4(x)$ and $S_6(x)$
 - (b) What well-known function do you think P(x) is equal to?
 - (c) Evaluate P(0), P'(0), P''(0), P'''(0), $P^{(4)}(0)$