

- Let $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 1$
 - Show that there is a point between $x = -2$ and $x = 1$ where $f(x) = -10$
 - Show that $f(x)$ has a root between $x = 2$ and $x = 4$
 - Approximate the value of the root in (b) accurate to within 0.1 of its exact value
- If $g'(x) = x \sin(x^2) + 1$, show that $g(x)$ has a local maximum between $x = 1$ and $x = 2$. *Hint: Use the IVT!*
- Find the following limits:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5}{x+2}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x}{2x+2}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^2 + 3}{2x^2 + x + 2}$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3}{2x^2 + 2}$