Math 211 – Discrete Spring 2023

Some Big Ideas, Week 9 Mar 27 – Mar 31, 2023

⊙ **Definition**: Let *A* and *B* be sets. A **relation** *R* **from** *A* **to** *B* is a subset of $A \times B$. If $(a, b) \in A \times B$, we say *a* **is related to** *b* **by** *R*, denoted aRb, iff $(a, b) \in R$. *A* is the **domain** of *R*, and *B* is the **codomain** of *R*.

- \odot Note: Any function $f: A \to B$ defines a relation R by aRb iff b = f(a).
- \odot **Definition**: A **relation on a set** *A* is a relation from *A* to *A*.
- \odot **Definition**: Let *R* be a relation on a set *A*.
 - · R is **reflexive** iff for all $a \in A$, aRa, or equivalently, for all $a \in A$, $(a, a) \in R$.
 - · R is **symmetric** iff for all $a, b \in A$, if aRb then bRa, or equivalently, for all $a, b \in A$, if $(a, b) \in R$ then $(b, a) \in R$.
 - · R is **transitive** iff for all $a, b, c \in A$, if aRb and bRc then aRc, or equivalently, for all $a, b, c \in A$, if $(a, b) \in R$ and $(b, c) \in R$ then $(a, c) \in R$.
- \odot **Definition**: Let *A* be a set and *R* a relation on *A*. Then *R* is an **equivalence relation** iff *R* is reflexive, symmetric, and transitive.
- ⊙ **Definition**: Let *A* be a set and *R* an equivalence relation on *A*. For each element $a \in A$, define the equivalence class of a, denoted [a], to be the set of elements in *A* that are related to a:

$$[a] = \left\{ b \in A \mid aRb \right\}$$

 \odot **Definition**: A partition of a set *A* is collection of non-empty, mutually disjoint subsets of *A* such that every element of *A* is in exactly one of the subsets.

For example, if *E* denotes the even integers and *O* denotes the odd integers, then a partition of \mathbb{Z} is $\{E,O\}$.

 \odot **Theorem** (8.3.4, Epp pg 469): If *A* is a set and *R* is a relation on *A*, then the distinct equivalence classes of *R* form a partition of *A*.

Some of the resources I used in constructing the Big Ideas notes this semester are: Ernst: Introduction to Proof via Inquiry-Based Learning; Epp: Discrete Mathematics with Applications, 4th edition; Levin: Discrete Mathematics, An Open Introduction, 3rd edition; Sundstrom: Mathematical Reasoning, Writing and Proof, Version 3; and the notes of my colleague, Rachelle DeCoste at Wheaton.

Check the Tentative Weekly Syllabus for the specific sections relevant for this week.

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