

PROBLEM SET #7

Due Thursday, April 28, 2022 @ 11:59 pm
Submit as single pdf file to onCourse

Remember that you need to explain and show the steps in your answers!

1. (a) Evaluate the integral $\int f(x) dx = \int \cos(x)\sqrt{\sin(x) + 3} dx$
- (b) Graph your antiderivative $F(x)$ and the integrand $f(x)$ on the same set of axes to verify that your antiderivative is correct. Include a copy of your graph, either as a sketch or by exporting from Desmos or another graphing utility.

(c) Also verify that your antiderivative $F(x)$ is correct by taking its derivative and comparing to $f(x)$.

General tip: It's a good habit to always do parts (b) & (c) to verify that your antiderivative is correct!

2. (a) Evaluate $\int_{-1}^3 \frac{1 + 5x}{1 + 2x + 5x^2} dx$
- (b) Graph the integrand on the interval $[-1, 3]$. Does your answer from part (a) make sense? Include a copy of your graph, either as a sketch or by exporting from Desmos or another graphing utility.

3. Evaluate $\int 2x \sin(x^2 - 2) e^{\cos(x^2 - 2)} dx$.

4. (a) Evaluate $\int 2 \cos(x) \sin(x) dx$ using substitution with $u = \sin(x)$.
- (b) Evaluate $\int 2 \cos(x) \sin(x) dx$ using substitution with $u = \cos(x)$.
- (c) One consequence of the Mean Value Theorem is that any two antiderivatives of the same function are supposed to differ by a constant.
Look at your answers to parts (a) and (b). Why don't your answers contradict this result?