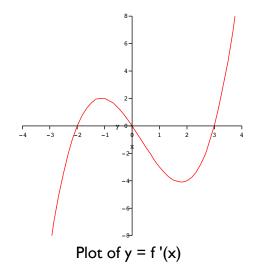
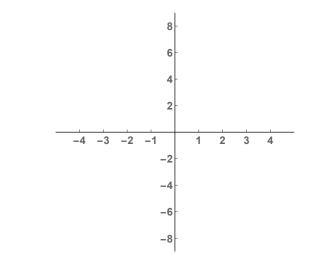
- 1. The graph of f'(x) shown at the right. This is *not* the graph of f(x)!
  - (a) Where does *f* have critical points?
  - (b) On which intervals is f increasing? decreasing?
  - (c) Where does f achieve local maxima? local minima?
  - (d) Where is *f* concave up? concave down?
  - (e) Where does f have inflection points?
  - (f) Suppose that f(0) = 0. Sketch a graph of f.

(g) How does the graph change if f(0) = 3?





- 2. The graph of f''(x) shown at the right. This is *not* the graph of f(x) or f'(x)!
  - (a) Where is *f* concave up? concave down?
  - (b) Where does f have inflection points?
  - (c) Suppose that f'(-1) = 0 and f'(1) = 0. If possible, classify x = -1 and x = 1 as local maxima or local minima of f.

(d) Suppose that f'(0) = 0. Is *f* increasing or decreasing at x = 1? at x = -1?

(e) Suppose that f'(-1) = -2 and f(-1) = 2. Could f(0) = 3? *Hint:* Can you determine if f is increasing or decreasing on [-1,0]?

