- 1. For each function, find all antiderivatives
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^3 + \sec(x)^2 + 7$
  - (b)  $g(x) = \ln(x) + \tan(x)$  Hint: Feb 23 & Feb 28 in-class work

(c) 
$$h(x) = \pi + \frac{1}{x^2} - e^{\cos(x)} \sin(x)$$

- 2. Let  $f(x) = 2x^2 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ . (a) Find all antiderivatives of f(x).
  - (b) Find the antiderivative F(x) of f(x) where F(4) = 17
- 3. Let  $f(x) = 2\sin(x)\cos(x)$ 
  - (a) Show that  $F(x) = \sin(x)^2$  is an antiderivative of f(x)
  - (b) Show that  $G(x) = -\cos(x)^2$  is an antiderivative of f(x)
  - (c) Huh. I thought all antiderivatives of f(x) differ by a constant. Explain