

THEOREM 5

The Spanning Set Theorem

Let $S = \{\mathbf{v}_1, \dots, \mathbf{v}_p\}$ be a set in V , and let $H = \text{Span}\{\mathbf{v}_1, \dots, \mathbf{v}_p\}$.

- If one of the vectors in S —say, \mathbf{v}_k —is a linear combination of the remaining vectors in S , then the set formed from S by removing \mathbf{v}_k still spans H .
- If $H \neq \{\mathbf{0}\}$, some subset of S is a basis for H .



Justification:

- We are given $\vec{\mathbf{v}}_k = a_1\vec{\mathbf{v}}_1 + a_2\vec{\mathbf{v}}_2 + \cdots + a_{k-1}\vec{\mathbf{v}}_{k-1} + a_{k+1}\vec{\mathbf{v}}_{k+1} + \cdots + a_p\vec{\mathbf{v}}_p$

Let $\vec{\mathbf{u}} \in \text{Span}\{\vec{\mathbf{v}}_1, \dots, \vec{\mathbf{v}}_p\}$ so that

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{\mathbf{u}} &= c_1\vec{\mathbf{c}}_1 + \cdots + c_k\vec{\mathbf{v}}_k + \cdots + c_p\vec{\mathbf{v}}_p \\ &= c_1\vec{\mathbf{c}}_1 + \cdots + c_k(a_1\vec{\mathbf{v}}_1 + a_2\vec{\mathbf{v}}_2 + \cdots + a_{k-1}\vec{\mathbf{v}}_{k-1} + a_{k+1}\vec{\mathbf{v}}_{k+1} + \cdots + a_p\vec{\mathbf{v}}_p) + \cdots + c_p\vec{\mathbf{v}}_p\end{aligned}$$

Thus, $\vec{\mathbf{u}} \in \text{Span}\{\vec{\mathbf{v}}_1, \dots, \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{k-1}, \vec{\mathbf{v}}_{k+1}, \vec{\mathbf{v}}_p\} \Rightarrow \text{Span } S = \text{Span } \{S - \vec{\mathbf{v}}_k\}$

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Justification:

- We just keep throwing out vectors until we have a linearly independent set.

We haven't changed the span, so the remaining set must be a basis.

The condition $H \neq \{\vec{\mathbf{0}}\}$ is a technicality since the subspace $H = \{\vec{\mathbf{0}}\}$ has no basis:

$H = \text{Span}\{\vec{\mathbf{0}}\}$, but $\{\vec{\mathbf{0}}\}$ is not a linearly independent set