1. Find the $x$-values where $f(x)=\frac{x}{2}+\sin (x)$ attains its maximum and minimum on the interval $[0,3]$.
2. Find the extrema of $f(x)=\sqrt{9-x^{2}}$ on the interval $[-1,2]$
3. Find the point on the line $y=-2 x+2$ that is closest to the origin.
