1. Determine whether the improper integral converges or diverges.

(a) 
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^3 + 2} dx$$
 (b)  $\int_{8}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} - 2} dx$ 

2. Consider the improper integral  $\mathcal{I} = \int_0^5 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + x^2} dx$ 

(a) Compare  $\mathcal{I}$  to  $\int_0^5 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ . What can you conclude about  $\mathcal{I}$  from this comparison?

(b) Compare  $\mathcal{I}$  to  $\int_0^5 \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ . What can you conclude about  $\mathcal{I}$  from this comparison?

3. Consider the improper integral  $\mathcal{I} = \int_5^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+x^2}} dx$ 

(a) Compare  $\mathcal{I}$  to  $\int_{5}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ . What can you conclude about  $\mathcal{I}$  from this comparison? (b) Compare  $\mathcal{I}$  to  $\int_{5}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{2}} dx$ . What can you conclude about  $\mathcal{I}$  from this comparison?