1. Let $f(x)=x^{5}-3 x^{3}+1$.

Use the bisection method to find an interval of length $\frac{1}{32}$ that contains the root of $f(x)$ that lies between $x=1$ and $x=2$.
2. Let $f(x)=x^{2}-2 x$. Determine the following limits
(a) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$
(b) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{f(x)-f(3)}{x-3}$
(c) $\lim _{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)-f(a)}{x-a}$ where $a$ is any fixed real number

