I. Let P(x) be the power series

$$1 + 2x + 3x^{2} + 4x^{3} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)x^{k}$$

- 1. Does the series converge when x = 1?
- 2. Does the series converge when x = -1?
- 3. Does the series converge when $x = \frac{1}{2}$?
- 4. For what values of x does P(x) converge absolutely? (Hint: Try the Ratio Test)
- II. Find the interval of convergence for the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k2^k}$.