1. Let $f(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}+x+1$
(a) Show that $f(x)$ has a root between $x=2$ and $x=4$
(b) Approximate the value of the root accurate to within 0.1 of its exact value
2. Let $g(x)=x^{3}+x^{2}-6 x$
(a) Factor $g(x)$ to find its roots
(b) On which intervals is $g(x)$ positive? On which intervals is $g(x)$ negative?
