1. For each $f(x)$, find an antiderivative $F(x)$
(a) $f(x)=3 x^{2}+2 x$
(b) $f(x)=x^{3}+1$
(c) $f(x)=2 e^{2 x}$
(d) $f(x)=\cos (x)+\sin (x)+4 x+e^{x}$
2. Verify that $F(x)=x \ln (x)-x$ is an antiderivative of $f(x)=\ln (x)$
3. Verify that $F(x)=-\ln (\cos (x))$ is an antiderivative of $f(x)=\tan (x)$
4. Verify that $F(x)=\frac{2}{5}(x-1)^{5 / 2}+\frac{2}{3}(x-1)^{3 / 2}$ is an antiderivative of $f(x)=x \sqrt{x-1}$
