

1. For each transformation $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$, find the corresponding matrix A .

(a) T rotates by $\frac{\pi}{3}$ counter-clockwise and then reflects over the line $y = x$

(b) T reflects over the line $y = x$ and then rotates by $\frac{\pi}{3}$ counter-clockwise

(c) What is the image of $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ under each transformation?

2. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, and $C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$

(a) Compute AC and BC

(b) What interesting property of matrix multiplication does this example demonstrate?