## Recall Exercise 1.2.34, pg 23

In a wind tunnel experiment, the force on a projectile due to air resistance was measured at different velocities:

| Velocity $(100 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec})$ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Force $(100 \mathrm{lb})$ | 0 | 2.9 | 14.8 | 39.6 | 74.3 | 119.0 |

Find an interpolating polynomial for these data and estimate the force on the projectile when the projectile is traveling at $750 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$.

$$
\text { Use } p(t)=a_{0}+a_{1} t+a_{2} t^{2}+a_{3} t^{3}+a_{4} t^{4}+a_{5} t^{5} .
$$

What happens if you try to use a polynomial of degree less than 5 ?

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Use $p(t)=a_{0}+a_{1} t+a_{2} t^{2}+a_{3} t^{3}+a_{4} t^{4}+a_{5} t^{5}$.
What happens if you try to use a polynomial of degree less than 5 ?

1. Find the least-squares quartic that best fits the data.
2. Find the least-squares line that best fits the data.
