

Let $\mathcal{I} = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{\sin(x)} dx$.

Approximate \mathcal{I} accurate within

1. 0.001 using a trapezoid sum
2. 0.0001 using a midpoint sum

Let $\mathcal{I} = \int_{-1}^1 x \sin(x^3) dx$

1. Plot the integrand to verify that it is concave up over the interval of integration.
2. Will M_n overestimate or underestimate \mathcal{I} ? How about T_n ?
3. Calculate M_{100} and T_{100} .
4. Use $\# 3$ to determine how close T_{100} is to the actual value of \mathcal{I} .
5. What does Theorem 7.1 tell you about $|\mathcal{I} - T_{100}|$?
6. Compare your answers to the last two questions. Explain.